

Background: Painters are chronically exposed to lead-based paintsproducts, which cause anemia by impairing heme biosynthesis and increasing the red blood cell destruction. The present study was conducted to

<u>Objective: To</u> assess the lead exposure and haematological hematological effects of lead among brush painters in brush painters as they are chronically exposed to lead based paints. <del>Objective: To</del> as well to estimate the prevalence of anemia among brush painters themand lead exposure among them.

Methodology: <u>Community A community</u> based cross-sectional study was conducted on 100 occupational residential brush painters of Mysore <u>eity of</u>, India-<u>during</u>, from July 2012 andto September 2012. <u>Subjects were interviewed uU</u>sing standardized questionnaire, mainly, for the subjects were interviewed to obtain information primarily pertaining to lead toxicity

symptoms and personal hygiene. Venous blood samples were drawn and

haematological hematological parameters were determined (n=100). The marker of

anaemiaanemia was haemoglobinhemoglobin concentration. Through Systematic random

sampling, 30In total, 30 samples were selected forto estimate the blood lead concentration

(PbB) estimation.) through random sampling.

Results: The prevalence of anemia among the subjects was 3% among the subjects. The mean

hemoglobin concentration was 15.5±1.4 g/dL and mean blood lead concentration (PbB) was

were  $15.5 \pm 1.4$  g/dL and  $12.9 \pm 10.9$  µg/dL, respectively. There was no significant

correlation found between the PbB and haematological hematological parameters. There

was The lead toxicity symptoms had a high prevalence of lead toxicity symptoms and the

symptoms were more frequent in the less hygienic subjects than in the hygienic subjects.

**Blood lead concentration** PbB among these painters is was less than the threshold (PbB >50)

µg/dL) for hematological alterations (>50 µg/dL). Hence lead induced anaemia is not a health

**Comment [Editor1]:** Some journals require structured abstracts with subheadings such as Background, Materials and Methods, Results, and Conclusions. All relevant subheadings should be added in order to speed up the journal submission process. Here, we have re-arranged some text to place the appropriate text under Background and Objectives.

**Comment [A2]:** A compound modifier contains 2 or more words, which act together as one adjective and are connected by hyphens. Hyphens are used with these terms so that their meaning is understood clearly.

**Comment [Editor3]:** Usually, spaces are inserted before and after arithmetic symbols.

**Comment [A4]:** Abbreviations are usually spelt out once at their first mention in the text, and the abbreviated form is used consistently thereafter. As PbB has already been defined above as "blood lead concentration," only the abbreviation has been used at this instance.

**Comment [A5]:** In academic writing, the simple past tense is usually used to describe the findings of the study, while the present tense is used to state conclusions/already established facts.

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risk among brush painters. The PbB is also\_and less than the recommended threshold for occupational exposure (30 μg/dL).-But Conclusions: Lead-induced anemia is not a health risk among brush painters. However, the high prevalence of lead toxicity symptoms indicates the long-term health effects of lead, even at low exposure levels of exposure. Fortunately, being hygienic is an easily achievable goal to for decrease reducing the lead exposure among the painters.

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