

Hole cleaning is ene efa major considerations foren both the design, and execution of drilling operation's. In particular, Especially in well's that having a high-inclination, if the fluid velocity is lewestlower thaen a critical value; a stationary bed is developed makes, which may causes several problems, such as a higher probability of etuck a pipe getting stuck, high_drag, and higher hydraulic requirements etc., if not removed properly not [1—5]. In order tTo clear avoid such problems, generated any cuttings generated will have too be taken outremoved from the wellbore through help efusing a drilling fluid. Factors that influenceing cutting transport includes drilling fluidthe_flow rate, drilling fluid viscoseity, drilling fluid weight, and; drilling fluid type of drilling fluid, as well as the; hole size, rotational speed, eccentricity, penetration-rate, and cutting size. Efficient cutting transport are is presumed to be achieved when the pump_flow_rate above exceeds a critical flow_ratevalue. An inadequate pump_flow rate may bring_cause cuttings to fall back to the bottom of the hole. In inclined highly vertical and horizontal wells, cutting beds occur frequently, i.e., fall-back-back-fallen_cuttings that pile up-onin the surface of the a-wellbore.

A lot of Several cutting_transportation model's have beening developed. Newadays, it was common to recognize a tTwo main_common approaches: include an empirical approach, and an mechanistic approach [6]. However, these this study employsed three models, developed through an empirical approach, i.e., Rudi—Shindu's model [7], Hopkins' model [8], and Tobenna's model [9]. In 1995, Hopkins listed all variables that is required too determine the minimum flowing rate. After several year, Several years later, Rudi—Shindu introduced the slip velocity, and correction factors for the todrilling_fluid weight, and the for the angularle inclination. Tobeenna developed a model in 2010 tofer calculate the critical flow rateing for deviated wells based toon. Bern—Lou's method. The models was are compared to case-study wells. 2 examples Two exemplary wells that mimickeding operational conditions are considered.

Comment [A1]: At this instance, drilling operations in a general sense are being referred to, rather than to a specific operation, and so an article is not needed. Please also note that the indefinite article "an" should be used when followed by a vowel.

Comment [A2]: In a list starting with "such as" or "including," the use of "etc" and "and so on" is redundant.

Comment [A3]: Note that hyphenation is used when words form compound adjectives.

Comment [A4]: This word has been edited to maintain consistency.